

Postgraduate Studies Programme

I. Archaeology and History of Art

Presentation: Prof. Th. Stefanidou-Tiveriou

- 1. Courses (Seminars)
 1.1. Organisation
- First Unit: Series of seminars conducted by the professors, participation of students with short presentations or discussion.
- Second Unit: Presentation of students' essays, discussion. Visits to museums and archaeological sites.
- Submission of written essays.
- Evaluation.

1. Courses

- 1. 2. Titles examples by specialty
- Prehistoric Archaeology: The beginning of agriculture and animal husbandry in Greece.
 - Osteoarchaeology: Study of human bones.
- Classical Archaeology: Ceramic workshops outside Attica Epigraphy: Sacred laws of classical period.
- Byzantine and Middle Byzantine Archaeology: Issues on Constantinople's Topography.
- History of Art: Issues on contemporary Art.

1. Courses

1. 3. Content-Discussion

- Combination of theoretical, empirical and technological approach.
- Issues of typology, chronology; materials, technology, archaeometry; commerce/transportation of products, cultural relations.
- Issues of ideology, politics, history, social relations.

1. Courses

1. 4. Methodology

- Teaching of theory.
- Study of the object itself or from visual material.
- Visits to museums, collections, workshops.
- Laboratory examination (stereomicroscope).
- Seminars offered by other professors or scholars.

1. Courses

1. 5. The syllabus of a course (ACL 860)



Greek sculpture of the Roman period in Greece (focusing mostly on the production of two main centers: Athens and Thessaloniki)

1st week: Getting familiar with the audience through written exercise and discussion.

<u>2nd week</u>: Discussion following the study of two articles on the artistic production of Athens from the late Hellenistic/Republican period to late antiquity. Special emphasis on terminology.

<u>3rd week</u>: Visit to the Archaeological Museum of Thessaloniki. Study of the imported sculpture from Attica, especially the sarcophagi.

<u>4th week</u>: Greek (especially Attic) portraits of the Roman imperial period. Their dependence on the Roman models and their particularities.

<u>5th week</u>: Introduction to the sculpture of Macedonia during the Roman period.

Appearance, influences and special features. Attic and Asia Minor imports.

<u>6th week</u>: The workshop of Beroia. Its Hellenistic origins and influence in the funerary art of Macedonia.

<u>7th and 8th week</u>: Thessaloniki and its artistic production I-II. Funerary stelae and reliefs of traditional character.

9th week: Thessaloniki: honorific and cult statues in public spaces.

<u>10th week</u>: General discussion on the Macedonian sculpture and its differences from the Attic one.

<u>11th week</u>: Dr. Eleni Papagianni presents the topic "Imitations of Attic sarcophagi in Greek workshops outside Attica". Discussion.

<u>12th week</u>: Dr. Natalie Kazakidi presents the topic "Honorific statues from their appearance to the Roman period". Discussion.

Appendix: Bibliography

2. M.A. Thesis

2.1. Selection of topic

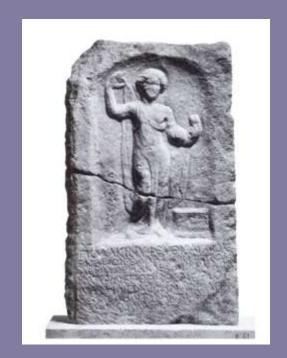
- Free-will selection in collaboration with the supervisor.
- Theses in Archaeology: a common criterion is the access to unpublished material. Various approaches depending on specialty.
- Originality of subject desirable but not necessary.

- 2. M.A. Thesis
 - 2. 2. Subjects
- Spatial organisation, town planning, architecture
- Artistic production, pottery in particular
- Technology, with applications in archaeometry
- Issues on artists, works of arts
- Iconography
- Issues on ideology, cult etc.
- Issues on private life, economy, numismatics
- Issues on archaeobotany and osteoarchaeology
- Issues on theoretical aspects

- 2. M.A. Thesis
 - 2. 3. Size, Quality, Publication
- Size: 30-40.000 words (including catalogues).
- In several cases: originality of the topic and conclusions.
- Usually: publication of results in form of an article.
- Abstracts of M.A. thesis in the Egnatia.

Example of a published M.A. thesis:

D. Terzopoulou, Funerary monuments of Macedonia featuring depictions of mortals in the guise of gods, Egnatia 14, 2010, 123-154.



Grave Relief, Thessaloniki

The deceased is visually

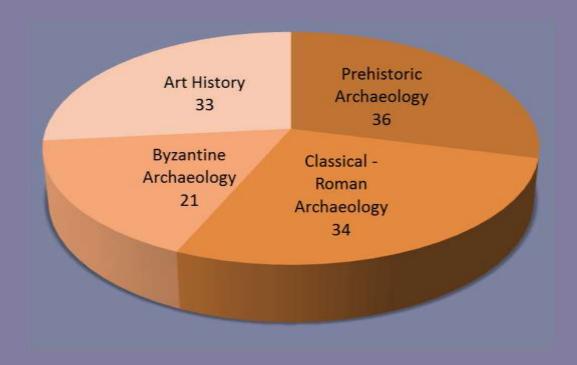
assimilated to Aphrodite

D. Terzopoulou, Funerary monuments of Macedonia featuring depictions of mortals in the guise of gods, Egnatia 14, 2010, 123-154

Structure (in summary)

- History of research and terminology
- Identification of individuals depicted as gods
- Representations of mortals in iconographic types of Aphrodite,
 Herakles, Artemis, Hermes, Eros and other deities
- Dissemination and duration of theomorphic depictions of mortals in Macedonia
- Interpretation of the depictions of mortals as gods
- Catalogue of monuments

M.A. Theses by specialty (2008-2013)



Postgraduate Studies: Ph.D. Degree

- 1. Definition of the dissertation subject and supervision of the writing progress
- Free-will selection in collaboration with the three-member committee and with the main supervisor in particular. Submission of research proposal.
- As required: the originality of subject and application of proper methodology.
- Submission of an annual progress report.
- In completion of the doctoral dissertation, an analytic recommendation report is submitted by the three-member supervision committee and a seven-member examination committee is appointed.

Postgraduate Studies: Ph.D. Degree

2. Topics

Approximately similar to those for the Master's Degree.

Examples of Ph.D. dissertation topics:

- Spatial Organisation and Use of Space in Neolithic
 Settlements of Central Macedonia
- Farmhouses of Classical and Hellenistic Period in Mainland
 Greece
- Commercial Amphoras from Ancient Akanthos and the Local Workshop.

[continued]

- Sanctuaries and Cults in Lower Macedonia
- Mosaics with Pictorial Representations in Roman Imperial Baths
- Paradise in Post Byzantine Art.
- Serres. 14th-16th Century: Structures and Transformations.
- The work of Christos Kapralos
- Greek and European Symbolism, 19th 21th Century.
- Late Bronze Age Early Iron Age Pottery in Central Macedonia.
 Interdisciplinary approach of its technology.

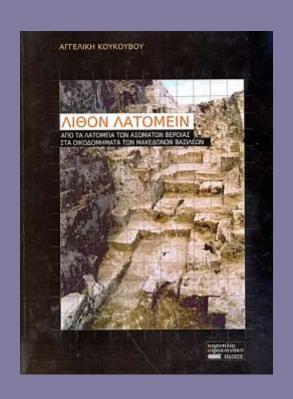
Postgraduate Studies: Ph. D. Degree

3. Qualitative features, publications.

Ph.D. dissertation topics in relation to M.A. thesis topics:

- greater geographical or chronological range and often of interdisciplinary nature.
- More synthetic and/or theoretical approach and conclusions of greater originality and strength.
- Publication: 1. Abstracts 2. Articles 3. Monographs 4.
 Electronic publication.

Example of a Ph.D. dissertation with technological approach and interdisciplinary character, also published as monograph:



A. Koukouvou, Λίθον λατομείν. From the Quarries in Asomati/Beroea to the Buildings of Macedonian Kings. Study on Stone Extraction in Antiquity (Thessaloniki 2012).

A. Koukouvou, $\Lambda i \vartheta o v \lambda \alpha \tau o \mu \epsilon i v$. From the Quarries in Asomati/Beroea to the Buildings of Macedonian Kings. Study on Stone Extraction in Antiquity (Thessaloniki 2012).

- I. Ancient quarrying activity
- II. Chalkstone (Poros) as building material in antiquity
- III.Chalkstone quarries in Greece
- IV.Ancient quarries in Beroea district
- V.Extraction and organisation of production
- VI.From the quarry to the monument
- VII. General conclusions
- Catalogue

Ph.D. Theses by specialty (2008-2013)

